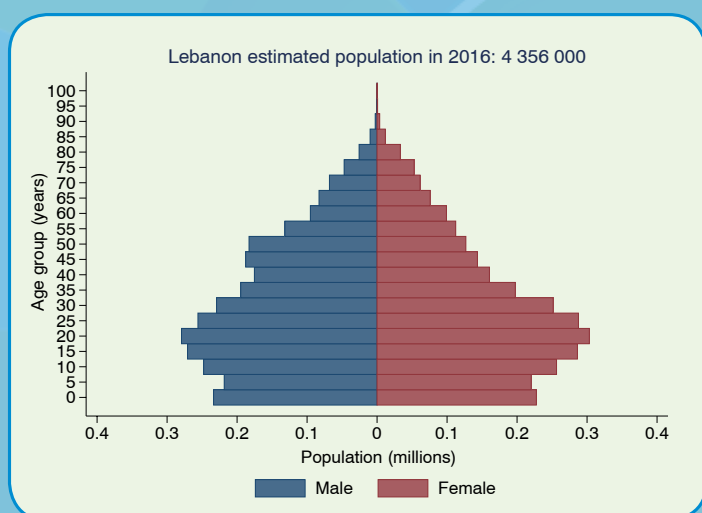




## Universal health coverage

Primary health care facilities per 10 000 population (2016)	2.5
Hospital beds per 10 000 population (2016)	27.3
Modern contraceptive prevalence rate (2015)	40
Antenatal care visits (4+ visits)	...
Measles immunization coverage among 1-year olds (%) (2016)	90
Tuberculosis treatment success rate of new bacteriologically confirmed cases (%) (2015)	83
DTP3-containing vaccine / Pentavalent coverage among 1-year olds (%) (2016)	90
General government expenditure on health as % of GDP (2014)	3.0
General government expenditure on health as % of total government expenditure (2014)	10.7

## Estimated population in 2016



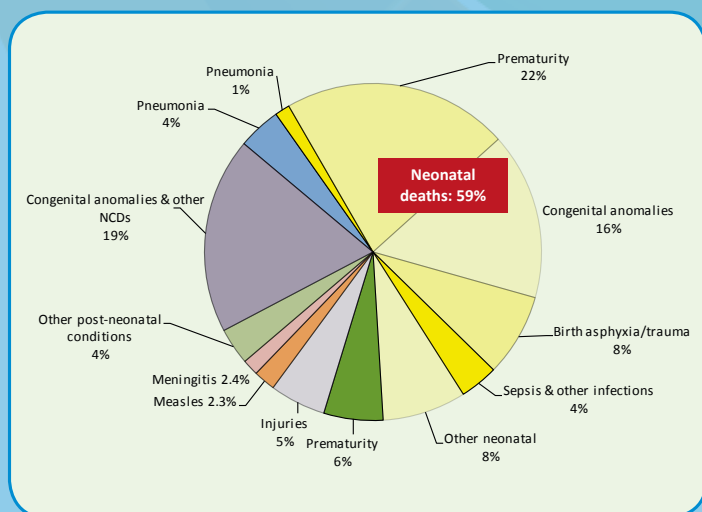
## Selected determinants of health

Population living in urban areas (%) (2011)	85
Annual GDP growth (%) (2016)	1.8
Number of refugees <sup>a</sup> (2016)	1 476 618
Number of internally displaced persons <sup>b</sup> (2016)	0

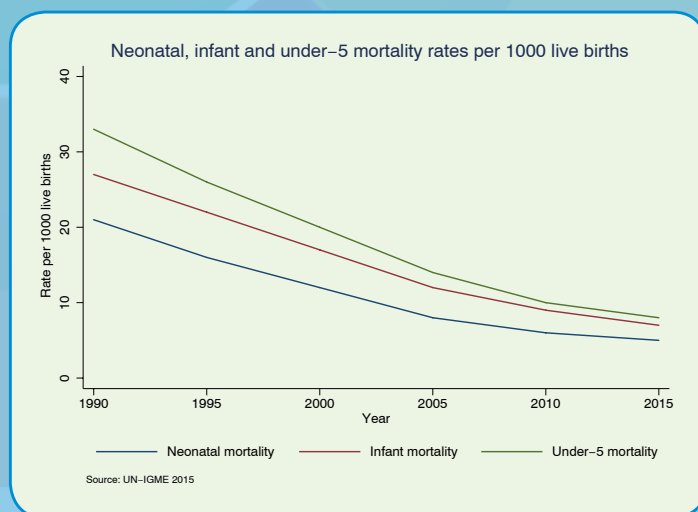
<sup>a</sup> Including persons forcibly displaced from their country of origin due to persecution, war, or violence, as recognized and reported by UNHCR, as well as Palestinian refugees registered by UNRWA.

<sup>b</sup> Including persons forcibly displaced due to conflict, remaining in their own country, as recognized and reported by UNHCR.

## Distribution of causes of death among children aged <5 years (%)



## Neonatal, infant and under-5 mortality rates per 1000 live births



# Selected SDGs health-related indicators\*

## 1 NO POVERTY

Population below the international poverty line % ...

Proportion of employed population below the international poverty line (ILO estimate, 2016)	Male %	3.0
	Female %	1.6

## 2 ZERO HUNGER

Children under 5 who are (2015)		
stunted	%	7.3
wasted	%	6.6
overweight	%	16.7

## 4 QUALITY EDUCATION

Literacy rate (15-24 years)	Total %	...
	Male %	...
	Female %	...

Net primary school enrolment ratio per 100 school-age children (2013)	Total ratio	93
	Male ratio	97
	Female ratio	90

## 5 GENDER EQUALITY

Demand for family planning satisfied with modern methods (UN Population Division estimate, 2015)	%	83.1
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## 6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION

Access to improved drinking water (World Health Statistics, 2015)	%	99
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Access to improved sanitation facilities (World Health Statistics, 2015)	%	81
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## 8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH

Unemployment rate (15+ years) (ILO estimate, 2013)	Total %	...
	Male %	...
	Female %	...

## 11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES

Concentrations of fine particulate matter (PM2.5) (WHO/CEHA, 2014)	Total	29.6
	Urban	31.2

## 16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS

Estimated direct deaths from major conflicts (per 100 000 population) (WHO Global Health Observatory, 2011-2015)	3.8
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\*Because of the scarcity of data, the above presentation is limited. Where available, information is obtained from the Regional Core Indicators Programme

# Key health indicators

Indicator	Male	Female	Total
Life expectancy at birth in years (2015)	73.5	76.5	74.9
Maternal mortality ratio (deaths per 100 000 live births) (UN-MMEIG 2015 estimate)	—	—	15
Neonatal mortality rate (deaths per 1000 live births) (UN-IGME 2015 estimate)	...	...	5
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1000 live births) (UN-IGME 2015 estimate)	...	...	7
Under-five mortality rate (deaths per 1000 live births) (UN-IGME 2015 estimate)	...	...	8
Tobacco use among persons 15+ years (%) (2015)	32.6	17.6	25.1
Overweight (18+ years) (%) (2014)	...	...	68.7
Obesity (18+ years) (%) (2014)	...	...	31.9
Raised blood pressure among persons 18+ years (%) (2014)	...	...	22.1
Raised blood glucose among persons 18+ years (%) (2014)	...	...	12.6
Raised cholesterol among persons 18+ years (%)	...	...	...
Mortality between ages 30 and 70 from cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, chronic respiratory disease per 10 000 (2015)	...	...	18
Cancer incidence per 100 000 (2012)	...	...	197.4

**Universal health coverage (UHC)** means provision of quality services to everybody without discrimination of any kind and without exposing people to financial hardship. UHC is one of the targets of Sustainable Development Goal 3, and attaining UHC will also contribute directly or indirectly to achieving the other SDGs. Achieving UHC means ensuring healthy lives and promoting well-being for all at all ages with explicit affirmative action for vulnerable populations including refugees and migrants. Thus, disaggregated data will be necessary to assess and address inequities in health. UHC requires inter-sectoral action. All countries can and must advance towards UHC by year 2030, if not earlier.

## 3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING



ENSURE HEALTHY LIVES  
AND PROMOTE WELL-BEING  
FOR ALL AT ALL AGES

## Voluntary National Review

N/A

## National Focal Point for 2030 Agenda

H.E. Minister Nazem El-Khoury, Minister of Environment, Ministry of Environment

## National Focal Point in Ministry of Health for health-related SDGs

Mrs Hilda Harb, Head of Statistics Department, at Ministry of Public Health

### 1. How is Lebanon incorporating the 2030 Agenda into its development policy and planning?

The Council of Development and Reconstruction (CDR) has been designated by the Lebanese government as overall coordinating institution for the SDGs. In the absence of a ministry of planning or its equivalent, each ministry is responsible to align its strategic vision with the SDGs.

### 2. How is Lebanon incorporating SDG 3 targets in health policy, strategy, and planning?

The Ministry of Public Health (MoPH) has recently developed a medium-term overall Health Strategic Plan (2016-2020) coupled with a detailed five year National Health Strategy which define the main priorities, in line with the SDGs. The MoPH has also developed a five year strategic plan for the health response to the Syrian refugee crisis. In addition, detailed strategic documents which define main areas of interventions and plans of action have been elaborated for thematic issues including; mental health, immunization, substance use, and surveillance and early warning.

The Health Strategic Plan is available here: <http://www.moph.gov.lb/en/view/11666/strategic-plan-2016-2020>

### 3. Are there any major partnerships in Lebanon for advancing the 2030 Agenda?

WHO, in coordination with the UN Country Team (UNCT), is supporting the Lebanese government in updating existing strategies, or developing new ones, in line with SDGs. On behalf of the UNCT, the UNDP is coordinating SDG related activities, including a mapping of existing strategies to align them with the SDGs. In addition, a communication strategy for sensitizing key stakeholders and civil society on the SDGs in general has been developed with the support of the UNCT.

### 4. Are there any major partnerships in Lebanon for advancing the health-related SDGs?

Several important partnerships exist to support reaching health-related SDGs and SDG 3. The World Bank is supporting the piloting and expansion of a project related to Universal Health Coverage and Primary Health Care. WHO, UNICEF, UNHCR and UNFPA are jointly supporting the National Maternal and Child Health Observatory. UNICEF, WHO, UNHCR and the EU has developed an initiative aiming at reaching the most vulnerable Syrian refugees and host communities with mother and child health services. In addition, WHO is coordinating communications activities, supported by the UNCT, related to SDG 3.

### 5. Has Lebanon reoriented its National Health Policies, Strategies, and Plans to incorporate Universal Health Coverage?

In its National Health Strategy, Lebanon has included Universal Health Coverage (UHC) as a strategic goal. Specific objectives to reach this strategic goal includes expanding access to primary care, strengthening the network of public hospitals, improving health sector human resources and efficient procurement and logistics. A project law is under preparation to be processed accordingly, focusing on the uninsured Lebanese population. Note is made that the MoPH has been acting of insurer of last resort to any Lebanese who does not have any form of health insurance, and offers subsidized medications for catastrophic illnesses, and operates a large network of primary health care centres which offers a package of services at a very reduced cost.

More information on the MoPH work to achieve UHC is available here: <http://www.moph.gov.lb/en/view/1287/universal-health-coverage-bridging-the-gaps>.